# Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

UNICON® BRAND UL Type USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 600V UL Type RHH/RHW-2/USE-2 High Speed (HS) 600V or 1000V UL Type SIS/XHHW-2 High Speed (HS) 600V CSA Type RW90 High Speed (HS) 600V CSA Type RWU90 High Speed (HS) 1000V







With 150 years of experience in over 50 countries around the globe, Prysmian is the world leader in the energy and telecom cable industry. Prysmian offers the broadest range of services and knowhow in the industry. Each year, Prysmian manufactures thousands of miles of underground and submarine cables and systems for power transmission and distribution, as well as medium and low voltage cables for the construction and infrastructure sectors. The company produces a comprehensive range of optical fibers, copper cables, and connectivity systems for voice, video, and data transmission for the telecommunication sector.

Prysmian is a leader in the industry and a pioneer in sustainability initiatives. The company has adopted a science-based approach and adheres to EPA standards to achieve net-zero emission targets for Scope 1 and 2 by 2035 and Scope 3 by 2050. Scan the QR code below to learn more about Prysmian's sustainability initiatives.



Prysmian's Thermoset Copper Building Wire line consists of Types USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 and SIS/XHHW-2, and Canadian constructions such as RW90 and RWU90. Our high-quality copper building wire is manufactured in the U.S. and delivers long-term, reliable performance in many building applications.

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According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

Industrial and Construction Cables

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER  Prysmian Group MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS 4 Tesseneer Road	
GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER Prysmian Group	
NUMBER Prysmian Group	
Prysmian Group	
Highland Heights, KY 41076	
DECLARATION NUMBER EPD840	
Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire	
Functional Unit = To transmit energy expressed for 1A over a distance of 1km	
DECLARED PRODUCT & FUNCTIONAL UNIT OF 40 years and a 100% use rate, in accordance with the relevant standards show	n in the
DECLARED UNIT	
Lifetime and use rate correspond to the application of energy distribution network	rk as
defined in the table given in Appendix 6.1. of the specific rules for wire, cables	and
accessories. over a 75 year building lifetime	
Product Category Rules for Electrical, Electronic and HVAC-R Products, v4.0,	2021.
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER  PEP ecopassport Program: Product Specific Rules for Wires, Cables and Acce	
v4.0. 2022.	•
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE  Prysmian cable products are primarily used in building applications.	
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION 40 Years	
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY North America	
DATE OF ISSUE June 13, 2025	
PERIOD OF VALIDITY 5 Years	
EPD TYPE Product Specific	
DATASET VARIABILITY N/A	
EPD SCOPE Cradle-to-Grave	
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA 2023	
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER LCA for Experts v10.7.0.183	
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER Sphera Managed Content & USLCI v2.0	
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1	
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by:	
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025: 2006. The	
"PEP ecopassport Program: Product Category Rules for Electrical, Electronic and HVAC-	
R Products, v4.0, 2021." based on EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, serves as the core PCR.	
The supporting PSR is the "PEP ecopassport Program: Product Specific Rules for	
Wires, Cables and Accessories, v4.0, 2022."	
☐ INTERNAL	
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance with ISO 14044 and the	
reference PCR by:	
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14044 and Thomas P Gloria, Ph. D	
the reference PCR by: Industrial Ecology Consultants	

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building.

This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 are met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.



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Industrial and Construction Cables

### **General Information**

### **Description of Company/Organization**

Prysmian, a global provider of cabling solutions, is leading the charge in the energy transition and digital transformation. With 150 years of experience in over 50 countries around the globe, the company's business strategy is a testament to its understanding of market dynamics, focusing on the development of resilient, high-performing, sustainable, and innovative cable solutions across the Transmission, Power Grid, Electrification, and Digital Solutions segments.

#### **Product Description**

Product Names: UNICON® BRAND USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 and RHH/RHW-2 High Speed (HS)

Characteristic: Wire and Cable

Prysmian's UNICON® USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 and RHH/RHW-2 cables are produced with annealed bare copper conductor, Insulated with Flame-retardant Cross-linked Polyethylene (XLPE), black.

Additional features include:

- Meet Cold bend test at -25C°
- Rated at 90°C wet or dry
- High Speed low friction technology for easy cable pulling, for 8 AWG and larger

#### Product Names: XHHW-2 Al High Speed (HS)

Characteristic: Wire and Cable

Prysmian's XHHW-2 AL cables are produced with annealed tinned copper conductor, Insulated with Flame-retardant Cross-linked Polyethylene (XLPE)

Additional features include:

- Meet Cold bend and Cold impact test at -25C°
- Rated at 90°C wet or dry
- High Speed low friction technology for easy cable pulling, for 8 AWG and larger

#### Product Names: RW90 and RWU90 High Speed (HS)

Characteristic: Wire and Cable

Prysmian's RW90 and RWU90 cables are produced with bare copper conductor, covered with heat- and moisture-resistant, low-temperature cross-linked Polyethylene (XLPE), Type RW90

Additional features include:

- Meet Cold bend and Cold impact test at -40C°
- Rated at 90°C wet or dry
- High Speed low friction technology for easy cable pulling, for 8 AWG and larger

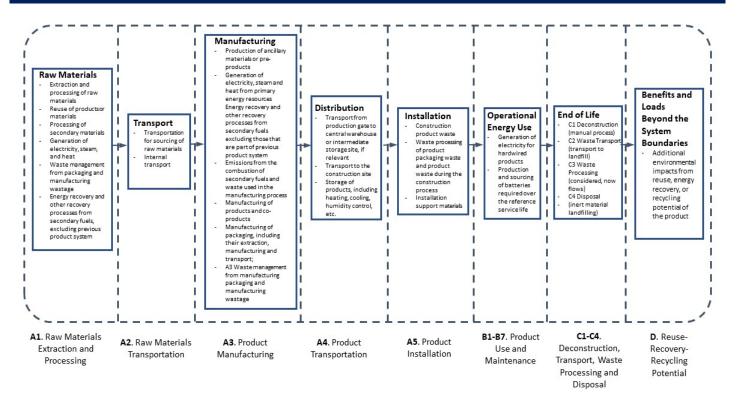


According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

# Flow Diagram





**According to** 

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

### Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-grave (modules A1-D) life cycle assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, installation, use, maintenance, disposal, and potential benefits and loads following the end of life disposal. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. For EPDs with product groups, an impact assessment was completed for each product and the highest impacts were reported as representations of the product group. The rest of the products in each group are represented through scaling factor tables and can be independently calculated.

#### **Application**

Prysmian UNICON® USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 and RHH/RHW-2 cables is ideal for a wide range of applications, including but not limited to use in a broad range of commercial, industrial and utility applications where reliability is a major concern, where maximum performance will be demanded and where space is limited. In free air, raceways or direct burial in accordance with NEC.

Prysmian XHHW-2 AL cables is ideal for a wide range of applications, including but not limited to use in power and control circuits in switchboards, control panels and raceways in applications not exceeding 600 volts. Acceptable for use in OSHA-regulated installations.

Prysmian RW90 and RWU90 cables is ideal for a wide range of applications in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), Part 1, as exemple for wiring exposed to the weather black color (all sizes), skim coat colors (8AWG and larger), for use in raceways in dry, damp or wet locations in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code (CEC). Refer to CEC, Table 19 for conditions of use.

#### **Material Composition**

The primary product components and/or materials must be indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status.

The average composition of a Prysmian Unicon® Copper XHHW-2 350 kcmil 3-Conductor cable is as follows:

	Percentage in mass (%)
Material	Maximum
Colorant	0.67%
Conductor	85.81%
Insulation	13.43%
Other	0.09%
Total	100.00%



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Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

## **Technical Details**

For the declared product, the following technical data in the delivery status must be provided with reference to the test standard:

Technical Data				
General Specific	cations			
Conductor	Annealed bare copper compressed Class B stranding per ASTN B8, tinned, annealed copper per ASTM B33, annealed Class B Compact stranded soft drawn bare copper, or solid bare copper			
Insulation	Flame-retardant Cross-linked Polyethylene (XLPE) or Heat- and moisture-resistant, low- temperature Cross-linked Polyethylene (XLPE), Type RW90, -40°C, Sunlight Resistant (8 AWG and larger)			



According to

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Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

### Placing on the Market / Application Rules

The standards that can be applied for UNICON® USE-2/RHH/RHW-2 and RHH/RHW-2 are:

- UL 44 Type RHH/RHW-2
- UL 854 Type USE-2
- ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70
- National Electrical Code (NEC)
- UL 1581 VW-1
- "FOR CT USE" on 1/0 AWG and larger in accordance with NEC
- IEEE 383, IEEE 1202/CSA FT4, UL 1685, for sizes 1/0 AWG and larger
- EPA 40 CFR, Part 261 for leachable lead content per TCLP
- OSHA Acceptable
- RoHS Compliant

The standards that can be applied for XHHW-2 AL are:

- UL Type SIS, for sizes 18 AWG and 16 AWG
- UL Type SIS/XHHW-2, for sizes 14 AWG thru 4 AWG
- UL Type XHHW-2, for sizes 2 AWG thru 1000 kcmil
- ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70
- 1/0 and larger are listed "SUN RES FOR CT USE" in accordance with NEC
- UL 44 VW-1
- EPA 40 CPR, Part 261 for leachable lead content per TCLP method
- OSHA Acceptable
- RoHS Compliant

The standards that can be applied for RW90 and RWU90 are:

- CSA Standard C22.2 No. 38
- CSA Approval File Number 155503 or 156400

### **Properties of Declared Product as Shipped**

Prysmian Low Voltage Copper Building Wire are cut on standard lengths, packed in no-returnable coils and delivered as a complete product.



According to

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**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

## **Methodological Framework**

#### **Functional Unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Functional unit	over a disand a 10 with the rodu Lifetime a application network a Appendix	mit energy expressed for 1A stance of 1km during 40 years 0% use rate, in accordance relevant standards shown in act technical data sheets. and use rate correspond to the on of energy distribution as defined in the table given in 6.1. of the specific rules for les and accessories.
Maximum Mass	5385	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0002	-

### **System Boundary**

This is a cradle to grave Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Product Stage		Construction Process Stage		Use Stage End of Life Stage*			Use Stage				Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries					
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	esn	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

### **Reference Service Life**

The reference service life of a properly installed Prysmian Unicon® Copper XHHW-2 350 kcmil, 3-Conductor cable is 40 years.

<sup>\*</sup>This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.



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Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

#### **Allocation**

Allocation of manufacturing was determined by mass, in kilogram per kilometer.

#### **Cut-off Criteria**

Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass of the considered impact categories. For that a documented assumption is admissible.

For Hazardous Substances the following requirements apply:

- The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included, if the inventory is available.
- If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product, if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.
  - If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

#### **Data Sources**

Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of Prysmian. Secondary data from the Sphera database were utilized when necessary. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the product category.

#### **Data Quality**

The data sources used are complete and representative of global systems in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e. less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturers. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty.

#### **Period Under Review**

The period under review is the full calendar year of 2023.

### **Treatment of Biogenic Carbon**

The uptake and release of biogenic carbon throughout the product life cycle follows EN15805+A2 Section 6.4.4.

#### Comparability and Benchmarking

A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804+A2 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Full conformance with the PCR allows for EPD comparability only when all stages a product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible.



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**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

### **Estimates and Assumptions**

#### **End of Life**

In the End of Life phase, copper is assumed to have a 60% recycling rate in accordance with the PEP PCR.

### Units

The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

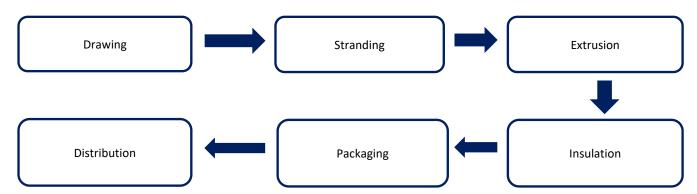
#### **Additional Environmental Information**

#### **Background data**

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the LCA for Experts Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The Sphera database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented online. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of the Sphera database were used for energy, transportation, and auxiliary materials.

### Manufacturing

This study includes the impacts from six of Prysmian's manufacturing facilities which produce building wire. Conductor materials come either pre-drawn or go through a drawing process at the manufacturing site. The conductor then goes through a stranding process. Jacketing is extruded to size and applied to cables as appropriate along with any insulation or additional cable components. The cables are packaged on reels and sent to customer.





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**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

#### **Packaging**

All packaging is fully recyclable. The packaging material is composed of a wooden or steel reel.

	Quantity (% By Weight)
Material	Maximum
Paper	0.00%
Metal	0.00%
Plastic	0.00%
Wood	100.00%
Total	100.00%

#### **Transportation**

Transport to Building Site (A4)		
Name	Max	Unit
Fuel type	Die	esel
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km
Transport distance	800	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	85	%
Gross density of products transported	-	kg/m³
Weight of products transported	5385	kg
Volume of products transported	-	m³

#### **Product Installation**

Prysmian has established guidelines in HSE for installation processes, beginning with the development of a HSE plan. The HSE plan will be developed with specific site Environmental and Health concerns that might arise during installation process. Management and installation team will all be trained on the HSE plan prior to installation.

Installation into the building (A5)		
Name	Max	Unit
Water consumption	-	m <sup>3</sup>
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Product loss per functional unit	2.69E+02	kg
Waste materials at construction site	2.75E+02	kg
Output substance (recycle)	1.39E+02	kg
Output substance (landfill)	1.30E+02	kg
Output substance (incineration)	0.00E+00	kg
Packaging waste (recycle)	0.00E+00	kg
Packaging waste (landfill)	3.12E+00	kg
Packaging waste (incineration)	3.12E+00	kg
Direct emissions to ambient air*, soil, and water	3.82E+02	kg CO₂
VOC emissions	-	kg

<sup>\*</sup>CO2 emissions to air from disposal of packaging

Reference Service Life		
Name	Value	Unit
Reference Service Life	40	years
Replacements	0	-



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Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

#### **Product Use**

No cleaning, maintenance, repair, or refurbishment is required.

Operational energy use was modeled as use phase losses determined by the IEC 61156-5 standard. The maximum loss values for each cable category are detailed in the table below and were used in the B6 stage.

The operational energy use is presented under the assumption that the cable experiences a current of 1 Amp, but certain Prysmian products have an E3X coating that results in an energy saving effect at higher amperages. It is assumed that the use of E3X will reduce energy losses by 5%. The equation used to calculate the use phase is:

$$E = Z * l^2 * \Delta t$$

Where:

Z = linear resistivity of the cable in  $\Omega$ /km, provided by Prysmian

L = current in A, assumption is 1 A

 $\Delta t$  = use time in seconds, assumption is 40 years

Operational Energy Use (B6)		
Name	Max	Unit per RSL
Water consumption (from tap, to sewer)	-	m³
Electricity consumption	6.17	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Equipment output	-	kW
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil, and water	-	kg

#### **Disposal**

The product can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. The majority of components are disposed of through recycling, incineration, and landfill, in accordance with the PCR.

End of life (C1-C4)				
Name	Max	Unit		
Collected separately	2.77E+03	kg		
Collected as mixed construction waste	2.61E+03	kg		
Reuse	0.00E+00	kg		
Recycling	2.77E+03	kg		
Landfilling	2.61E+03	kg		
Incineration with energy recovery	0.00E+00	kg		
Removals of biogenic carbon	-	kg		



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### Re-use Phase

Re-use of the product is not common, but a large amount of the metals in this material will be recycled.

Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Potential (D)						
Name	Max	Unit				
Net energy benefit from energy recovery from waste treatment declared as exported energy in C3 (R>0.6)	0.00	MJ				
Net energy benefit from thermal energy due to treatment of waste declared as exported energy in C4 (R<0.6)	0.00	MJ				
Net energy benefit from material flow declared in C3 for energy recovery	0.00	MJ				
Process and conversion efficiencies	-					
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. further processing technologies, assumptions on correction factors);	These products are almost entirely metals and the recycling rate from the PCR and the benefit for module D is calculated by the benefit of recycling product at the end of life.					

## **System Boundary**

This is a cradle to grave Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Pro	duct St	age		struction ess Stage			Use	e Stage	ı			ı	End of	Life Sta	age*	Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5									C2	C3	C4	D
X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

<sup>\*</sup>This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.



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# LCA Results - Maximum Impact - Results for Unicon® Copper XHHW-2 350 kcmil 3-Conductor

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

TRACI 2.1 li	npact Assessment										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO₂-Eq.	2.14E+04	4.00E+02	1.72E+03	1.53E+01	2.22E-07	0.00E+00	2.73E+01	-8.58E+03	2.36E+04
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	2.88E-07	1.51E-08	3.41E-08	1.83E-12	8.38E-18	0.00E+00	1.48E-12	-8.54E-10	3.37E-07
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	1.47E+02	2.40E+00	1.02E+01	2.15E-02	1.33E-09	0.00E+00	1.69E-01	-1.32E+02	1.60E+02
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	5.81E+00	1.33E-01	5.13E-01	1.69E-03	7.38E-11	0.00E+00	7.48E-03	-2.98E+00	6.47E+00
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O <sub>3</sub> -Eq.	1.46E+03	6.61E+01	1.49E+02	3.01E-01	3.66E-08	0.00E+00	3.22E+00	-5.07E+02	1.68E+03
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	2.97E+04	7.07E+02	2.42E+03	1.81E+01	3.92E-07	0.00E+00	4.68E+01	-8.67E+03	3.29E+04

<sup>\*</sup>Stages B1 through B7 and C1 through C4 have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 li	mpact Assessment										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	2.16E+04	4.01E+02	1.80E+03	1.54E+01	2.22E-07	0.00E+00	2.63E+01	-8.55E+03	2.39E+04
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	2.92E-07	1.51E-08	3.41E-08	1.01E-10	8.37E-18	0.00E+00	8.31E-11	-5.05E-08	3.41E-07
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO₂-Eq.	1.55E+02	1.97E+00	1.00E+01	2.01E-02	1.09E-09	0.00E+00	1.58E-01	-1.50E+02	1.67E+02
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.	9.92E+00	3.51E-01	1.10E+00	2.21E-03	1.95E-10	0.00E+00	1.80E-02	-3.72E+00	1.14E+01
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	7.70E+00	2.30E-01	8.06E-01	1.50E-03	1.28E-10	0.00E+00	1.18E-02	-7.04E+00	8.75E+00
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	5.87E+00	1.66E-07	2.93E-01	1.55E-06	9.21E-17	0.00E+00	8.46E-06	-7.59E+00	6.16E+00
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	2.73E+05	5.10E+03	2.04E+04	1.95E+02	2.83E-06	0.00E+00	3.58E+02	-8.37E+04	2.99E+05

<sup>\*</sup>Stages B1 through B7 and C1 through C4 have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

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Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

EN15804+A	2	_	<u>-</u>	•							
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP-total	Climate change - total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	2.16E+04	4.02E+02	2.00E+03	2.84E+00	2.23E-07	8.91E+02	2.81E+01	-5.09E+03	2.49E+04
GWP-fossil	Climate change - fossil	kg CO₂-Eq.	2.20E+04	4.02E+02	1.62E+03	2.84E+00	2.23E-07	8.91E+02	2.79E+01	-5.04E+03	2.49E+04
GWP-biogenic	Climate change - biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	-3.82E+02	0.00E+00	3.82E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
GWP-luluc	Climate change - land use and land use change	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	3.70E+00	0.00E+00	2.11E-01	2.89E-04	0.00E+00	2.32E-02	1.66E-01	-4.43E+01	4.10E+00
ODP	Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 Eq.	1.61E-07	1.04E-08	2.15E-08	1.63E-11	5.77E-18	3.66E-11	7.53E-11	1.34E-08	1.93E-07
AP	Acidification	mol H⁺ Eq.	2.03E+02	2.66E+00	1.32E+01	3.83E-03	1.47E-09	1.44E-01	1.99E-01	-1.76E+02	2.19E+02
EP-freshwater	Eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg P-Eq.	1.00E-01	1.14E-04	1.08E-02	1.57E-06	6.34E-14	1.38E-05	6.61E-05	1.95E-02	1.11E-01
EP-marine	Eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N Eq.	2.51E+01	1.02E+00	2.43E+00	8.49E-04	5.67E-10	3.07E-02	5.15E-02	-3.04E+00	2.87E+01
EP-terrestrial	Eutrophication terrestrial	mol N Eq.	2.74E+02	1.12E+01	2.61E+01	9.17E-03	6.19E-09	6.58E-01	5.66E-01	-2.53E+01	3.13E+02
POCP	Photochemical ozone formation	NMVOC Eq.	7.81E+01	3.01E+00	7.51E+00	2.48E-03	1.67E-09	8.52E-02	1.56E-01	-1.60E+01	8.88E+01
ADP- minerals&metals	Depletion of abiotic resources - minerals and metals	kg Sb Eq.	5.88E+00	0.00E+00	2.94E-01	2.73E-07	0.00E+00	2.53E-06	1.82E-06	-9.13E+00	6.17E+00
ADP-fossil	Depletion of abiotic resources - fossil fuels	mol N Eq.	3.47E+05	5.14E+03	2.41E+04	4.72E+01	2.85E-06	4.31E+02	3.69E+02	-1.27E+04	3.78E+05
WDP	Water use	m <sup>3</sup> world Eq. deprived	9.16E+03	0.00E+00	4.57E+02	5.60E-01	0.00E+00	6.96E+01	3.18E+00	-4.44E+03	9.69E+03
PM	Particulate matter emissions	Disease incidence	3.40E-03	1.05E-05	1.81E-04	3.55E-08	5.82E-15	1.62E-06	2.49E-06	-4.01E-04	3.60E-03
IRP	Ionizing radiation, human health	kBq U235 Eq.	1.15E+03	9.04E-17	5.45E+01	3.90E-01	5.01E-26	6.56E-01	4.46E-01	4.36E+02	1.21E+03
ETP-fw	Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	1.60E+05	7.45E+03	1.79E+04	7.55E+00	4.13E-06	4.25E+02	2.49E+02	-7.25E+04	1.86E+05
HTP-c	Human toxicity, cancer effects	CTUh	3.03E-05	1.08E-07	1.66E-06	3.76E-10	6.00E-17	1.13E-08	5.04E-09	6.03E-06	3.21E-05
HTP-nc	Human toxicity, non-cancer effects	CTUh	1.46E-03	7.37E-06	8.28E-05	6.40E-09	4.09E-15	1.01E-06	1.94E-07	4.95E-04	1.55E-03
SQP	Land use related impacts/Soil quality	dimensionless	2.18E+04	0.00E+00	1.05E+03	5.24E+00	0.00E+00	3.87E+01	1.01E+02	-1.77E+05	2.30E+04

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource L	lse										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	С3	C4	D	Total
RPR <sub>E</sub>	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.24E+04	0.00E+00	1.04E+03	7.47E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.02E+01	-2.71E+04	2.36E+04
$RPR_M$	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
NRPR <sub>E</sub>	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	3.06E+05	5.14E+03	2.21E+04	2.74E+02	2.85E-06	0.00E+00	3.70E+02	-8.37E+04	3.34E+05
$NRPR_{M}$	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
FW	Use of net fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	2.16E+02	0.00E+00	1.08E+01	1.14E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.34E-02	-8.19E+01	2.27E+02

<sup>\*</sup>All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

Industrial and Construction Cables

Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flov	vs and Waste Categorie	S									
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	7.17E-03	0.00E+00	3.58E-04	-8.64E-09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.05E-09	-2.55E-05	7.53E-03
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	6.97E+02	0.00E+00	2.53E+02	8.79E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.85E+03	5.88E+03	2.80E+03
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	1.23E+01	0.00E+00	5.97E-01	2.81E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.21E-03	2.64E-02	1.29E+01
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	2.77E+03	0.00E+00	1.39E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.77E+03	0.00E+00	5.68E+03
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

<sup>\*</sup>All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
Biogenic Carbon Content in Product	kg C	0.00E+00								
Biogenic Carbon Content in Accompanying Packaging	kg C	1.40E+03	0.00E+00	1.40E+03						

<sup>\*</sup>All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported



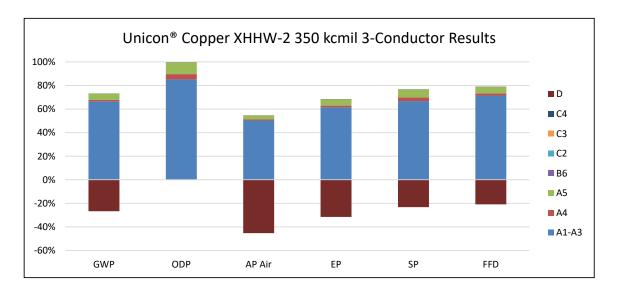
According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

### **LCA Interpretation - Maximum Impact**

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of raw materials used in the product, along with energy use in the manufacturing of the product. The D reuse, recovery, and recycling potential stage shows as a negative value and accounts for the benefit of energy recovery during incineration, and the benefit from recycling material at the end-of-life for a product. Though the energy use (B6) phase does not have a large impact, this is due to the functional unit of 1 AMP, lifetime use may be larger than 1 AMP.



#### **System Boundary**

This is a cradle to grave Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Pro	duct St	tage		struction ess Stage			Use	e Stage	ı			ı	End of	Life Sta	age*	Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 C4								C4	D		
X	Х	Χ	X	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	X	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR (X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

<sup>\*</sup>This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

### **Scaling Factor Tables**

For EPDs with product groups, an impact assessment was completed for each product and the highest impacts were reported as representations of the product group. The rest of the products in each group are represented through scaling factor tables and can be independently calculated. Please see page 10 for a guide on the system boundary and the life cycle phases used below.

To use these scaling factors, you will need the result from the tables in section 'LCA Results - Maximum Impact' and the chosen cable you are investigating. The scaling factors multiplied by the results above will be the results for that particular cable. For example, if you wanted to know how much GWP impact came from the A1-A3 stage of the product shown below. This equation can be used for all steps of the life cycle, where the scaling factor from each stage is multiplied by the results shown in this study in order to get any of the results.

Scaling Factor \* Results = Final GWP

14 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper 

4.36E-03 \* 2.14E+04 = 9.32E+01

This equation can be used for all steps of the life cycle, where the scaling factor from each stage is multiplied by the results shown in this study in order to get any of the results. The scaling factors below are split into A1-A3 factors, which have each main impact category distinct from the others. This is due to the fact that the manufacturing site and the raw materials used in each cable can vary tremendously in these category. The A4-D categories are mostly based on weight of the cable, the individual impact category does not have as much variability and can be assumed to be the same. C2-D will all have the same scaling factor, and therefore, the scaling factor for these can be used in the equation above for any individual category. These scaling factors can be used for each methodology, including the TRACI 2.1 impacts, CML 4.1 impacts and EN15804+A2 impacts, from the results section.

To adjust for more operational energy use than one amp, you will need the result from the tables in section 'LCA Results - Maximum Impact', the chosen cable you are investigating, and your expected amperage over 40 years. The scaling factors multiplied by the results above will be the operational use results for that particular cable, multiplied by the squared amperage. For example, if you wanted to know how much 100 Amps would increase the B6 stage of the product shown below, you would follow the equation below:

Scaling \* Results \* Amperage- squared = Final GWP

14 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper 

Scaling \* Results \* Amperage- squared = Final GWP

1.53E+01 \* 1.00² = 4.01E+06



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

# Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

				A1 - A3						25	62. 5
	GWP	ODP	AP	EP	PCOP	FFD/ADP	Resources	A4	A5	В6	C2 - D
14 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	4.36E-03	3.97E-03	4.01E-03	3.81E-03	4.18E-03	4.50E-03	4.55E-03	5.07E-03	5.07E-03	2.62E+01	5.07E-03
10 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.01E-02	1.00E-02	9.84E-03	9.33E-03	1.01E-02	9.51E-03	9.56E-03	1.09E-02	1.09E-02	3.63E+01	1.09E-02
8 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.63E-02	1.61E-02	1.64E-02	1.54E-02	1.67E-02	1.72E-02	1.71E-02	1.77E-02	1.77E-02	4.37E+01	1.77E-02
6 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.49E-02	2.52E-02	2.54E-02	2.38E-02	2.58E-02	2.56E-02	2.53E-02	2.65E-02	2.65E-02	6.12E+01	2.65E-02
4 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.82E-02	3.97E-02	3.96E-02	3.72E-02	4.00E-02	3.77E-02	3.71E-02	4.01E-02	4.01E-02	9.21E+01	4.01E-02
3 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	4.78E-02	5.02E-02	4.99E-02	4.68E-02	5.02E-02	4.63E-02	4.55E-02	4.94E-02	4.94E-02	1.15E+02	4.94E-02
2 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	5.95E-02	6.31E-02	6.25E-02	5.86E-02	6.28E-02	5.68E-02	5.57E-02	6.13E-02	6.13E-02	1.72E+02	6.13E-02
1 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	7.47E-02	7.92E-02	7.85E-02	7.36E-02	7.89E-02	7.14E-02	7.00E-02	7.69E-02	7.69E-02	3.41E+02	7.69E-02
1/0 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.03E-01	1.00E-01	1.03E-01	9.68E-02	1.04E-01	1.03E-01	9.91E-02	1.19E-01	1.19E-01	3.42E+00	1.19E-01
2/0 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.29E-01	1.28E-01	1.30E-01	1.22E-01	1.31E-01	1.27E-01	1.22E-01	1.47E-01	1.47E-01	2.56E+00	1.47E-01
3/0 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.58E-01	8.17E-04	2.21E-02	1.18E-02	1.03E-02	1.53E-01	1.47E-01	1.77E-01	1.77E-01	1.85E+00	1.77E-01



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

# Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

				A1 - A3							
	GWP	ODP	AP	EP	РСОР	FFD/ADP	Resources	A4	A5	В6	C2 - D
4/0 AWG XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.99E-01	1.02E-03	2.75E-02	1.47E-02	1.28E-02	1.90E-01	1.82E-01	2.20E-01	2.20E-01	1.46E+00	2.20E-01
250 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.36E-01	2.37E-01	2.40E-01	2.26E-01	2.41E-01	2.28E-01	2.18E-01	2.64E-01	2.64E-01	1.40E+00	2.64E-01
300 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.80E-01	1.43E-03	3.87E-02	2.07E-02	1.81E-02	2.68E-01	2.56E-01	3.10E-01	3.10E-01	1.17E+00	3.10E-01
350 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.24E-01	1.63E-03	4.42E-02	2.36E-02	2.06E-02	3.05E-01	2.92E-01	3.55E-01	3.55E-01	1.00E+00	3.55E-01
400 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.67E-01	1.84E-03	4.98E-02	2.66E-02	2.33E-02	3.44E-01	3.29E-01	4.00E-01	4.00E-01	8.75E-01	4.00E-01
500 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	4.52E-01	2.25E-03	6.09E-02	3.25E-02	2.84E-02	4.19E-01	4.01E-01	4.88E-01	4.88E-01	6.89E-01	4.88E-01
600 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	5.45E-01	2.73E-03	7.37E-02	3.94E-02	3.44E-02	5.09E-01	4.86E-01	5.91E-01	5.91E-01	5.70E-01	5.91E-01
750 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	6.79E-01	3.37E-03	9.11E-02	4.87E-02	4.26E-02	6.27E-01	5.98E-01	7.31E-01	7.31E-01	4.75E-01	7.31E-01
1000 kcmil XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	8.91E-01	9.52E-01	9.36E-01	9.05E-01	9.30E-01	8.17E-01	7.98E-01	8.87E-01	8.87E-01	3.46E-01	8.87E-01
4/0 AWG UNICON XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.04E-01	2.03E-01	2.03E-01	2.04E-01	2.03E-01	2.06E-01	2.07E-01	2.06E-01	2.06E-01	1.46E+00	2.06E-01
350 kcmil UNICON XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.33E-01	3.36E-01	3.36E-01	1.00E+00	3.36E-01						
350 kcmil/3C UNICON XHHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.00E+00	1.01E+00	1.01E+00	1.00E+00	1.01E+00						
8 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.72E-02	8.89E-05	2.40E-03	1.28E-03	1.12E-03	1.94E-02	1.95E-02	1.93E-02	1.93E-02	1.72E+02	1.93E-02
6 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.60E-02	1.31E-04	3.54E-03	1.89E-03	1.65E-03	2.83E-02	2.83E-02	2.84E-02	2.84E-02	6.12E+01	2.84E-02
4 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.95E-02	1.95E-04	5.27E-03	2.82E-03	2.46E-03	4.08E-02	4.05E-02	4.22E-02	4.22E-02	9.21E+01	4.22E-02
2 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	6.09E-02	2.93E-04	7.93E-03	4.24E-03	3.70E-03	6.04E-02	5.96E-02	6.36E-02	6.36E-02	1.72E+02	6.36E-02
2/0 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	1.38E-01	7.58E-04	2.05E-02	1.10E-02	9.58E-03	1.44E-01	1.38E-01	1.64E-01	1.64E-01	2.56E+00	1.64E-01
4/0 AWG RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.09E-01	1.11E-03	3.01E-02	1.61E-02	1.40E-02	2.10E-01	2.01E-01	2.41E-01	2.41E-01	1.46E+00	2.41E-01
250 kcmil RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	2.50E-01	1.35E-03	3.65E-02	1.95E-02	1.70E-02	2.55E-01	2.45E-01	2.93E-01	2.93E-01	1.40E+00	2.93E-01
350 kcmil RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	3.11E-01	1.48E-03	4.00E-02	2.14E-02	1.87E-02	2.90E-01	2.82E-01	3.21E-01	3.21E-01	1.00E+00	3.21E-01
500 kcmil RHH/RHW-2 Stranded Copper	4.36E-01	2.06E-03	5.57E-02	2.98E-02	2.60E-02	4.00E-01	3.87E-01	4.47E-01	4.47E-01	6.89E-01	4.47E-01



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

Industrial and Construction Ca				A1 - A3							
	GWP	ODP	EP	AP	PCOP	FFD/ADP	Resources	A4	A5	В6	C2 - D
14 AWG RW90 Solid Copper	4.96E-03	3.94E-03	4.13E-03	4.01E-03	4.56E-03	6.27E-03	6.73E-03	5.48E-03	5.48E-03	2.62E+01	5.48E-03
14 AWG RW90 Stranded Copper	5.19E-03	3.97E-03	4.22E-03	4.11E-03	4.71E-03	6.79E-03	7.32E-03	5.80E-03	5.80E-03	2.62E+01	5.80E-03
14 AWG RWU90 Copper	2.18E-05	1.13E-06	6.20E-06	7.19E-06	5.64E-06	2.09E-05	0.00E+00	1.86E-04	1.86E-04	7.09E+01	1.86E-04
12 AWG RW90 Solid Copper	7.30E-03	6.27E-03	6.41E-03	6.18E-03	6.91E-03	8.49E-03	9.01E-03	7.84E-03	7.84E-03	2.92E+01	7.84E-03
12 AWG RW90 Stranded Copper	7.62E-03	6.32E-03	6.54E-03	6.32E-03	7.12E-03	9.23E-03	9.84E-03	8.29E-03	8.29E-03	2.92E+01	8.29E-03
12 AWG RWU90 Stranded Copper	1.03E-02	6.34E-03	7.32E-03	7.28E-03	8.71E-03	1.60E-02	1.76E-02	1.22E-02	1.22E-02	2.92E+01	1.22E-02
10 AWG RW90 Stranded Copper	1.14E-02	1.00E-02	1.02E-02	9.78E-03	1.09E-02	1.29E-02	1.37E-02	1.21E-02	1.21E-02	3.63E+01	1.21E-02
8 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	1.53E-02	1.61E-02	1.47E-02	1.48E-02	1.61E-02	1.53E-02	1.72E-02	1.70E-02	1.70E-02	1.75E+01	1.70E-02
8 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	6.06E-02	6.48E-02	5.88E-02	5.92E-02	6.42E-02	5.84E-02	6.56E-02	6.64E-02	6.64E-02	1.75E+01	6.64E-02
6 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	2.60E-02	2.56E-02	2.37E-02	2.42E-02	2.67E-02	2.87E-02	3.27E-02	2.97E-02	2.97E-02	1.10E+01	2.97E-02
4 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	3.95E-02	4.07E-02	3.73E-02	3.77E-02	4.12E-02	4.04E-02	4.57E-02	4.40E-02	4.40E-02	6.95E+00	4.40E-02
3 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	9.76E-02	1.03E-01	9.36E-02	9.44E-02	1.03E-01	9.67E-02	1.09E-01	1.08E-01	1.08E-01	5.98E+00	1.08E-01
2 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	5.74E-02	3.71E-04	2.04E-03	2.37E-03	1.86E-03	4.98E-02	5.53E-02	6.12E-02	6.12E-02	5.01E+00	6.12E-02
2 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	6.06E-02	4.02E-04	2.22E-03	2.57E-03	2.02E-03	5.83E-02	6.55E-02	6.64E-02	6.64E-02	5.01E+00	6.64E-02
1 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	6.06E-02	6.48E-02	5.88E-02	5.92E-02	6.42E-02	5.84E-02	6.56E-02	6.64E-02	6.64E-02	3.70E+00	6.64E-02
2/0 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	1.14E-01	1.30E-01	1.17E-01	1.16E-01	1.25E-01	9.66E-02	1.07E-01	1.21E-01	1.21E-01	2.56E+00	1.21E-01
3/0 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	1.43E-01	9.18E-04	5.06E-03	5.86E-03	4.60E-03	1.20E-01	1.33E-01	1.51E-01	1.51E-01	1.85E+00	1.51E-01
3/0 AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	2.54E-01	1.62E-03	8.93E-03	1.03E-02	8.12E-03	2.10E-01	2.32E-01	2.67E-01	2.67E-01	1.19E+00	2.67E-01
4/0 AWG RW90 Compact Copper	1.81E-01	2.08E-01	1.86E-01	1.85E-01	1.98E-01	1.49E-01	1.65E-01	1.90E-01	1.90E-01	1.46E+00	1.90E-01
4/0AWG RWU90 Compact Copper	5.03E-01	3.20E-03	1.76E-02	2.04E-02	1.60E-02	4.11E-01	4.53E-01	5.28E-01	5.28E-01	5.75E-01	5.28E-01
250 kcmil RW90 Compact Copper	2.13E-01	1.36E-03	7.50E-03	8.69E-03	6.82E-03	1.78E-01	1.96E-01	2.24E-01	2.24E-01	1.46E+00	2.24E-01
250 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	7.82E-02	5.36E-04	2.95E-03	3.42E-03	2.69E-03	8.56E-02	9.75E-02	8.84E-02	8.84E-02	1.10E+01	8.84E-02
300 kcmil RW90 Compact Copper	2.54E-01	1.62E-03	8.93E-03	1.03E-02	8.12E-03	2.10E-01	2.32E-01	2.67E-01	2.67E-01	1.19E+00	2.67E-01
350 kcmil RW90 Compact Copper	2.95E-01	1.88E-03	1.04E-02	1.20E-02	9.43E-03	2.43E-01	2.68E-01	3.10E-01	3.10E-01	9.48E-01	3.10E-01
350 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	2.13E-01	1.36E-03	7.50E-03	8.69E-03	6.82E-03	1.78E-01	1.96E-01	2.24E-01	2.24E-01	1.46E+00	2.24E-01
400 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	6.75E-01	7.82E-01	6.98E-01	6.94E-01	7.40E-01	5.55E-01	6.12E-01	7.10E-01	7.10E-01	8.86E-01	7.10E-01
500 kcmil RW90 Compact Copper	4.19E-01	2.67E-03	1.47E-02	1.70E-02	1.34E-02	3.40E-01	3.74E-01	4.40E-01	4.40E-01	7.21E-01	4.40E-01
600 kcmil RW90 Compact Copper	5.03E-01	3.20E-03	1.76E-02	2.04E-02	1.60E-02	4.11E-01	4.53E-01	5.28E-01	5.28E-01	5.75E-01	5.28E-01
600 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	6.06E-02	4.02E-04	2.22E-03	2.57E-03	2.02E-03	5.83E-02	6.55E-02	6.64E-02	6.64E-02	5.01E+00	6.64E-02
750 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	2.95E-01	1.88E-03	1.04E-02	1.20E-02	9.43E-03	2.43E-01	2.68E-01	3.10E-01	3.10E-01	9.48E-01	3.10E-01



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

# Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire

				A1 - A3							
	GWP	ODP	EP	AP	РСОР	FFD/ADP	Resources	A4	A5	В6	C2 - D
1000 kcmil RWU90 Compact Copper	8.53E-01	5.43E-03	2.99E-02	3.47E-02	2.72E-02	7.07E-01	7.81E-01	8.96E-01	8.96E-01	3.50E-01	8.96E-01
14 AWG/2C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	1.28E-02	1.44E-04	7.94E-04	9.20E-04	7.23E-04	1.25E-02	1.26E-02	2.38E-02	2.38E-02	7.09E+01	2.38E-02
14 AWG/3C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	1.69E-02	1.75E-04	9.63E-04	1.12E-03	8.76E-04	1.68E-02	1.75E-02	2.88E-02	2.88E-02	7.09E+01	2.88E-02
14 AWG/4C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	2.10E-02	2.09E-04	1.15E-03	1.33E-03	1.05E-03	2.13E-02	2.24E-02	3.44E-02	3.44E-02	7.09E+01	3.44E-02
12 AWG/2C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	1.71E-02	1.77E-04	9.75E-04	1.13E-03	8.87E-04	1.62E-02	1.66E-02	2.92E-02	2.92E-02	4.41E+01	2.92E-02
12 AWG/3C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	2.33E-02	2.22E-04	1.22E-03	1.41E-03	1.11E-03	2.24E-02	2.35E-02	3.66E-02	3.66E-02	4.41E+01	3.66E-02
12 AWG/4C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	2.95E-02	2.70E-04	1.49E-03	1.72E-03	1.35E-03	2.86E-02	3.04E-02	4.45E-02	4.45E-02	4.41E+01	4.45E-02
10 AWG/2C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	2.58E-02	2.39E-04	1.32E-03	1.53E-03	1.20E-03	2.33E-02	2.44E-02	3.94E-02	3.94E-02	2.95E+01	3.94E-02
10 AWG/3C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	3.53E-02	3.06E-04	1.69E-03	1.96E-03	1.54E-03	3.23E-02	3.43E-02	5.05E-02	5.05E-02	2.95E+01	5.05E-02
8 AWG/3C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	5.47E-02	3.61E-04	1.99E-03	2.30E-03	1.81E-03	5.20E-02	5.84E-02	5.95E-02	5.95E-02	1.75E+01	5.95E-02
3 AWG/3C AC90 Stranded Copper AIA	1.58E-01	1.02E-03	5.61E-03	6.49E-03	5.10E-03	1.35E-01	1.49E-01	1.68E-01	1.68E-01	5.98E+00	1.68E-01
CU XHHW2/RW90 250 KCMIL Stranded	2.21E-01	2.49E-01	2.23E-01	2.29E-01	2.36E-01	1.86E-01	2.06E-01	2.30E-01	2.30E-01	1.40E+00	2.30E-01
CU XHHW2/RW90 600 KCMIL Stranded	5.08E-01	5.78E-01	5.17E-01	5.28E-01	5.46E-01	4.21E-01	4.66E-01	5.28E-01	5.28E-01	5.70E-01	5.28E-01
CU XHHW2/RW90 6 AWG Stranded	2.46E-02	2.53E-02	2.30E-02	2.50E-02	2.47E-02	2.37E-02	2.67E-02	2.59E-02	2.59E-02	1.39E+01	2.59E-02
CU USE2/RHH/RHW2 1 AWG Stranded	7.75E-02	7.94E-02	7.23E-02	7.88E-02	7.77E-02	7.51E-02	8.49E-02	8.18E-02	8.18E-02	4.36E+00	8.18E-02
CU USE2/RHH/RHW2 3/0 AWG Stranded	1.49E-01	1.60E-01	1.44E-01	1.53E-01	1.54E-01	1.35E-01	1.51E-01	1.56E-01	1.56E-01	2.13E+00	1.56E-01
CU USE2/RHH/RHW2 12 AWG Stranded	8.22E-03	7.50E-03	6.98E-03	8.17E-03	7.66E-03	9.10E-03	1.04E-02	8.80E-03	8.80E-03	5.64E+01	8.80E-03
CU USE2/RHH/RHW2 750 KCMIL Stranded	6.47E-01	7.28E-01	6.52E-01	6.71E-01	6.90E-01	5.47E-01	6.08E-01	6.73E-01	6.73E-01	4.75E-01	6.73E-01



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

### **Additional Environmental Information**

#### **Environmental and Health During Manufacturing**

Prysmian has an established HSE Management System in place at its manufacturing sites. Site programs ensure that OSHA and environmental requirements are met or exceeded to help ensure the safety and health of all employees, contractors, and guests.

#### **Environmental and Health During Installation**

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

#### **Extraordinary Effects**

Fire

None

Water

None

**Mechanical Destruction** 

None

#### **Delayed Emissions**

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

#### **Environmental Activities and Certifications**

Prysmian North America manufacturing sites strive to meet or exceed all applicable federal, state, and local environmental regulations. All manufacturing sites are ISO 14001:2015 Certified.

Prysmian maintains a variety of certifications based on the widely accepted industry standards:

- Quality Management System certifications (ISO9001/TL9000)
- Environmental Management System certifications (ISO14001)
- Health and Safety Management System certifications (ISO45001)

These certificates can be downloaded from our company website here: https://www.prysmian.com/en

### **Further Information**

Prysmian Group 4 Tesseneer Road Highland Heights, KY 41076



According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

**Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire** Industrial and Construction Cables

# References

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-	PSR LCA for Experts v10.7.0.183	PEP ecopassport Program: Product Specific Rules for Wires, Cables and Accessories, v4.0, 2022. Sphera Solutions GmbH. LCA for Experts Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Version 10.7.0.183 (software).
-	ISO 14025	ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.
-	ISO 14040 ISO 14044	ISO 14040:2009-11, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework. ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines.
-	EN 15804+A2	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 - Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products
-	ASTM 2020	ASTM International General Program Instructions v8.0, April 29, 2020
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-	Characterization Method	IPCC. 2021. Climate Change 2013. The Physical Science Basis. Cambridge University Press. (http://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg1/).
-	Characterization Method	Hauschild M.Z., & Wenzel H. Environmental Assessment of Products. Springer, US, Vol. 2, 1998.
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According to

ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian Low Voltage Thermoset Copper Building Wire Industrial and Construction Cables

### **Contact Information**

### **Study Commissioner**



- For more information, visit our website at <a href="https://www.prysmian.com/en">https://www.prysmian.com/en</a>
- Technical Support for product technical questions at https://www.prysmian.com/en/contact-us
- Contact our sustainability team:

#### **LCA Practitioner**



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